



MaxCore Introduction & 6Mo TM Comparison to AL-6XN®







- Sanitary Tubing and Components
 - MaxCore 6MO
 - Ultra 6XN
 - AL6XN
 - Alloy 22
 - 904L (obtain through Neumo)







Sanitary Tubing and Components - Vendors

- MaxCore 6MO (stock)
 - Fittings supplier –Egmo / Neumo / VNE
 - Fabrication VNE Manufacturing
 - Tubing Suppliers Rath / United
- Alloy 22 (stock)
 - Fittings supplier –Egmo / Neumo / VNE
 - Fabrication VNE Manufacturing
 - Tubing Suppliers –United / Neumo
- 904L (obtain through Neumo)



Applications



• Pharmaceutical containing high chlorides and corrosive media

- High Purity Water Systems
- Buffer lines
- CIP lines



Applications



- Food Processing where salt and acidic conditions are present
 - Meat Cookers
 - Baby food tanks
 - Corn syrup processors
 - Catsup / Ketchup
 - Tomato Processes, Tomato paste and tomato soup
 - Hot sauce
 - Soy sauce
 - Sports Drinks



Applications



- Sea Water Applications
 - High Chloride Water Piping
 - High Chloride Fire Protection
- Brine refrigeration systems
- Combat MIC (Bacteria) Corrosion
- Power Plants
- CIP lines
- Pulp & Paper bleach lines



What's in a name?



- ➤ When working with 6% molybdenum alloys, the most common brand is AL-6XN®. What is this?
 - ➤ AL-6XN® is a trade name owned by Allegheny Ludlum Corporation.
 - ➤ "A" stands for Allegheny
 - ➤ "L" stands for Ludlum
 - ➤ "6" is representative of 6% Molybdenum content
 - ➤ "X" Extra (Nitrogen)
 - ➤ "N" is representative of the Nitrogen content within the alloy
- ➤ AL-6XN® is a name no different than "Kleenex TM" or "Coca-Cola TM"







- ➤ What is MaxCore 6Mo TM?
 - ➤ "Max" is representative of Maximum and is branded along the same lines as our MaxPure TM line of fittings.
 - ➤ "Co" is representative of Corrosion
 - ➤ "re" is representative of Resistance
 - ▶ "6" is representative of 6% Molybdenum content
 - ➤ "Mo" is stands for Molybdenum
- ➤ MaxCore 6Mo TM is a trade name no different than "Kleenex TM", "Coca-Cola TM" or AL-6XN ®



So if it's not the name, what is important?



Max

- ➤ What is important is the chemical composition of the material.
- ➤ ASTM International (formerly known as American Society for Testing and Materials) develops and publishes a wide range of technical standards for materials, products, systems and services.
 - Adhering to the chemical composition as published in ASTM Standards guarantees materials meet the quality and performance levels as designed.

Chemical Composition AL6XN®

Ni	Cr	Mo	С	N	Mn	Si	P	S	Cu	Fe
				0.18-0.25	2.0 Max	1.00 Max	.040 Max	0.03 Max	0.75 Max	Remainder
Chemical Composition MaxCore 6Mo TM										
Ni	Cr	Mo	С	N	Mn	Si	P	S	Cu	Fe
23 5-25 5	20 00-22 00	6.00-7.00	0.03 May	0.18-0.25	2 0 May	1.00 May	040 May	0.03 May	0.75	Romainder



So if it's not the name, what is important?



- Alloys are given a number designator. That number is issued by The Unified Numbering System for Metals and Alloys (UNS). The UNS # in itself, is not a specification but is instead a unified identifier of a metal or alloy for which controlling limits have been specified elsewhere. (i.e. ASTM Specifications).
- ➤ The UNS Number commonly associated with AL-6XN® is N08367
- ➤ The UNS Number associated with MaxCore 6Mo [™] is N08367

So far, we have established the chemical composition and UNS number designators of AL-6XN[®] and MaxCore 6Mo [™] are identical.



If MaxCore 6Mo[™] and AL-6XN[®] are identical, what is the difference?



- ➤ In some cases there is no difference. VNE's line of MaxCore Tube and Fittings are fabricated from raw material fabricated from Allegheny Ludlum AL-6XN® brand of steel and Outokumpu's brand name of Ultra 6XN®.
- ➤ To be clear, we are not focused on the trade name of the material, but more on the chemical composition and UNS # designator guaranteeing the material adheres to the requirements of the ASTM standards. Both Allegheny Ludlum and Outokumpu's material meet this requirement and must be identical in order to carry the same UNS designator.
- The difference is the producing mill that fabricates the raw material from which the final product is made.



What does the BPE say about using AL-6XN® and MaxCore 6Mo™?



ASME BPE-2019

Bioprocessing Equipment

AN INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



The BPE Standard does not use trade names within the document and has settled on the use of the UNS Designation number when possible as the identifier for materials of construction.

MaxCore 6MO and AL-6XN[®] fall withing the category of Superaustenitic Stainless Steels in Table MM-2.1-1 and are listed as UNS N08367.

As further evidence to the support the removal of common alloy names, BPE has removed 316L callouts from the Standard and now refer to those when necessary as "316L type" in order to allow the use of European steels such as 1.4435 in its place.

It is recommended all specifications be revised to remove trade names in favor of the UNS designator.



What's the benefit of using MaxCore 6Mo™ Fittings?



- ➤ MaxCore 6Mo[™] fittings are manufactured at our BPE Certified facility in Israel and carries the BPE certification Stamp.
- ➤ MaxCore 6MoTM tubing is manufactured at a BPE Certified facility and carries the BPE certification Stamp.



CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION

BPE

The named company is authorized by the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) for the scope shown below in accordance with the applicable rules of the ASME BPE Standard on Bioprocessing Equipment. The use of the certification mark and the authority granted by this Certificate of Authorization are subject to the provisions of the agreement set forth in the application. Any component certified under this authorization shall have been produced, assembled, and tested in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned ASME standard.

COMPANY:

EGMO Ltd. MaxPure 1 Hayotsrim St. Nahariya 22110 Israel

SCOPE

The American Society of Mechanical Engineers

Manufacture of ferrous and nonferrous fittings at the above location only

AUTHORIZED:

May 1, 2018

EXPIRES:

May 21, 2023

CERTIFICATE NUMBER:

ER: BPE-102

Michael Kotte

Managing Director, Conformity Assessment



MaxCore Benefits



➤ **MaxCore** 6Mo TM fittings are the only 6Moly Alloy BPE Certified fittings available on the market today.

2019 BPE Standard

Organizations that are authorized to use the ASME Single Certification Mark for marking items or constructions that have been constructed and inspected in compliance with ASME Codes and Standards are issued Certificates of Authorization. It is the aim of the Society to maintain the standing of the ASME Single Certification Mark for the benefit of the users, the enforcement jurisdictions, and the holders of the ASME Single Certification Mark who comply with all requirements.

➤ **Max**Core 6Mo tubing is BPE Certified on sizes

 \geq 1-1/2" and above.





Tubing Specifications:

<u>A269</u> spec indicates compliance with B31.1 Process Piping Code

SA 249 indicates compliance with the BPVC A270 indicates compliance with 3A and BPE



MaxCore Benefits



➤ **MaxCore** BPE fittings are plastic ziplock bagged with a QR code for simple MTR download. Allows for immediate QA/QC reviews on the go

or at a job site



Color coded caps for quick material finish identification





Orange caps for Electropolished PO finished material



White caps for Mechanically Polished PL finished material



MaxCore MTR's



NEUMO | VNE | EGMO

Material Test Certificate

Job\Certificate Number: Part Number: Part Description: Standard: Date Of Certification:

2002152902 ELBOW 88° WW 1.5" 6MO 20Ra+EP 6MO UNS N08367 ASME BPE 2019 SF5 June 28, 2020

TE25.88°/92° ELBOW

ASME RPE Certificate of Authorization number Expires: May 21,2023

MaxCore)

ISO 9001:2015 Certified

EN 10204: 3.1

BPE-102

Raw Material Specifications

Heat	Inspection	spection Raw Material & Size Material Standards	Material Chandards	
Number	Number	(mm)	(Inch)	Material Standards

Component Chemical Composition

Heat Number	%€	%CR	%MN	%МО	%N	%NI	%P	%S	%SI	%Cu	1
854211	0.016	20.750	0.640	6.130	0.220	23,960	0.030	0.0001	0,370	0.33	7

Mechanical test

Heat	Yield 0.2		Yield 1.0		Tensile		Hardness	Elongation	Reduction	
Number	(N/mm²)	(PSI)	(N/mm²)	(PSI)	(N/mm²)	(PSI)	(HRB)	(%)	(%)	
004211	216	ACCTE	217	AFOFF	742	107500	0.0	EC 00	N/A	

Mechanical test (cont)

		(,				
	Heat Number	Eddy Current	Visual & Dimensional Test	Flattening Test	Intergranular Corrosion Test	PMI - Material Identification Test	
Ŀ				 1		200	_

Process Contact Surface - Final OC Inspection

ID - Rougi	nness Test a	cc. to EN I	SO 4287,AS	ME B46.1	Visual Tes	Dimensional Test	
Ra Av	/erage	Ra	Max.	Ra readings	ASME BPE Part S	F,MJ	ASME BPE Part DT
[µm]	[µInch]	[µm]	[µInch]		ID - Inner Diameter	ОК	011
0.13	5	0.19	8	value of 10% inspection	OD - Outer Diameter	ок	OK

NavCore® brand fittings, manufactured by EGNO LTD, are in accordance with the requirements of ASME Destandard on bignoressing quipment. Edited Quality Management System (ONE) is authorized by the American Society of Manufacturing Ferrous and Nonferrous Pittings, with the applicable rules of the ASME BPE Standard on Seprecating Quipment. Society of Manufacturing Ferrous and Nonferrous Pittings, with the applicable rules of the ASME BPE Standard on Seprecating Quipment. Society of Manufacturing Ferrous and Nonferrous Pittings, with the applicable rules of the ASME BPE Standard on Seprecating Quipment. Society of the ASME STANDARD Control OF THE ASSAULT OF THE ASME STANDARD CONTROL OF THE ASME STANDARD CONTROL OF THE ASSAULT OF TH













EGMO Ltd.

Original Mill Certs available if required



Material Test Certificate

Job\Certificate Number: 2002152902 Part Number: TE2S886MO1.5-PO

Part Description: ELBOW 88° WW 1.5" 6MO 20Ra+EP

Material Specification: 6MO UNS N08367 Standard: ASME BPE 2019 SF5

Date Of Certification: June 28, 2020



ISO 9001:2015 Certified EN 10204: 3.1



ASME BPE Certificate of Authorization number BPE-102

Raw Material Specifications

TE2S-88°/92° ELBOW

Expires: May 21,2023

Heat	Inspection	Raw Material	& Size	Material Standards
Number	Number	(mm)	(Inch)	Material Stalldards
854211	6639687003	TUBE 38.1	1.5	ASTM A270/A249/B676, ASME SA270/SA249/SB676

MaxCore BPE fittings MTR have a picture depicting the fitting for easy identification



Targets



- Distribution should target
 - Engineering Departments at Processors
 - A&E Firms
 - Engineering and Sales Departments of OEM's
 - Food
 - Beverage
 - Fine Chemical
 - Cosmetic / Health & Beauty
 - Pharmaceutical





Sample:

- 1. 6 Mo Tube
- 2. 6 Mo Tube
- 3. Automatic fusion weld <u>no</u> insert ring

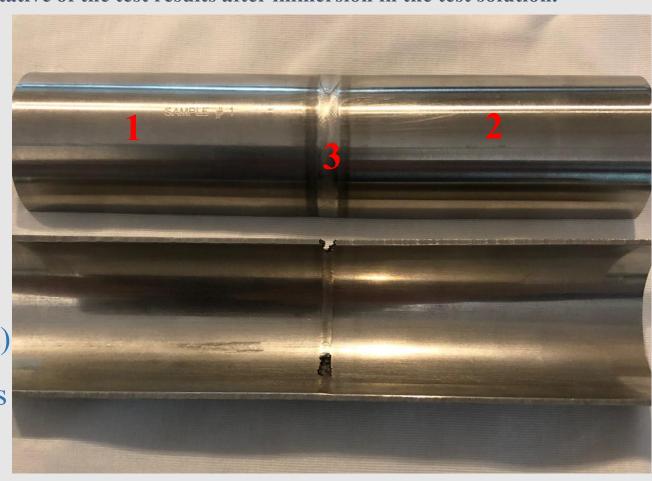
The top sample is $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sample representing the piece prior to testing. The bottom sample is representative of the test results after immersion in the test solution.

Corrosion Test

ASTM G-48 Practice C (modified immersion test)

6%FeCl₃ + 1% HCl at 50° C (122° F) for 72 hours

Each test run independently with fresh solution







Sample:

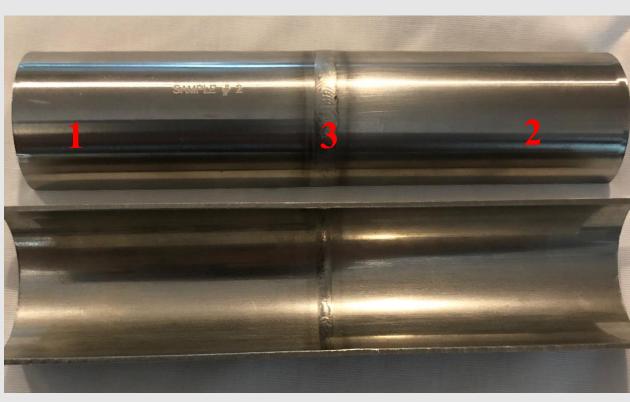
- 1. 6 Mo Tube
- 2. 6 Mo Tube
- 3. Automatic fusion weld
 Alloy 22 washer style
 insert ring



Corrosion Test

ASTM G-48 Practice C (modified immersion test) 6%FeCl₃ + 1% HCl at 50° C (122° F) for 72 hours

Each test run independently with fresh solution



The top sample is $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sample representing the piece prior to testing. The bottom sample is

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Sample:

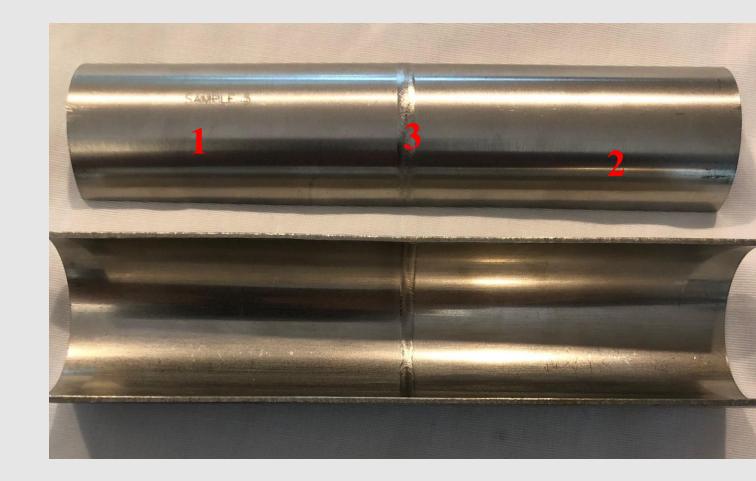
- 1. 6 Mo Tube
- 2. 6 Mo Tube
- 3. Automatic fusion weld

No insert ring-full solution anneal after welding @ 2100° F with rapid nitrogen quench

Corrosion Test

ASTM G-48 Practice C (modified immersion test) 6%FeCl₃ + 1% HCl at 50° C (122° F) for 72 hours

The top sample is $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sample representing the piece prior to testing. The bottom sample is representative of the test results after immersion in the test solution.



Each test run independently with fresh solution





Sample:

- 1. 6 Mo Tube
- 2. 316L S/S Tube
- 3. Automatic fusion weld

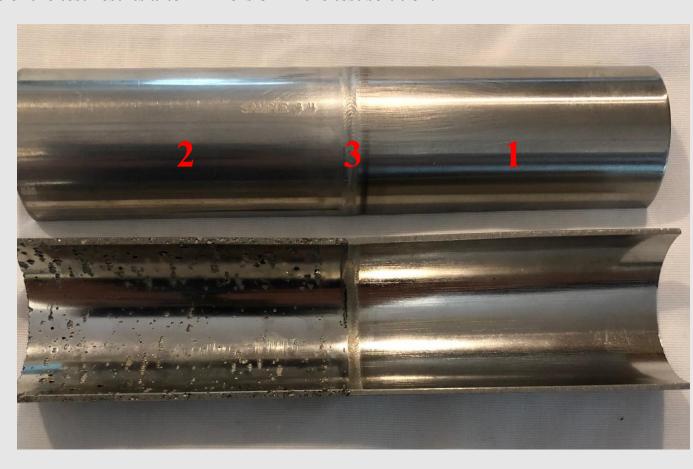
No insert ring, No anneal

Corrosion Test

ASTM G-48 Practice C (modified immersion test) 6%FeCl₃ + 1% HCl at 50° C (122° F) for 72 hours

Each test run independently with fresh solution

The top sample is $\frac{1}{2}$ of the sample representing the piece prior to testing. The bottom sample is representative of the test results after immersion in the test solution.





Seminars



- The following is a list of seminar topics available through VNE Corp.
- **Real World Challenges** In depth look at common problems in process applications and ways to control "man-made" problems. <u>30 45 Minutes</u>
- **Basic Corrosion** In depth look at different forms of corrosion and ways to control corrosion through proper handling, welding, and installation. 1.5 hours
- Material Selection A look at materials of construction and the seven steps in picking the right alloy for construction. <u>I hour</u>
- Introduction to Corrosion Resistant Alloys: A look at high nickel & 6% Moly alloys and their use for controlling corrosion in sanitary applications along with cost comparisons of materials and installation. <u>I hour</u>
- The Role of Alloying Elements Looks at the different alloying elements and purposes of use in the steel making process. <u>30-45 min</u>
- **Passivation-** What is it, how is it done, and why do it? <u>30 min</u>
- Rouging- An in-depth study of the three different forms of rouge and how to control it. <u>30-45 min</u>
- Surface Finish for Stainless Steel Alloys- Presentation of a study on surface finish showing what's available and what does it really mean. 30-45 min
- Annealing of Stainless Steel- This presentation looks at the different annealing processes and benefits of annealing and its relation on corrosion resistance. 30 min

Some presentations cover similar information. By combining topics, a full seminar excluding breaks / lunch would run about 5-6 hours. If you would like to schedule a seminar at your location, please contact your **Regional Sales Manager** to discuss your topics of interest and to determine a time and date. Seminars can be offered through **WEBEX** in lieu of on-site.



Questions



Questions or Comments?

Please Contact your Regional Sales Manager or

Ken Kimbrel

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